	DISIBEINT								
	TMN 300 TB PVC								
:	Microlectra by	ттм 300 тв Р			WWW.M	icrolectra.nl info@microlectra.nl			
	Operating principle Character differential	due to the action of liquid, is turned on or off a succession of reed contacts which generate an output proportional to the height of the level.				Dimensions			
Body	Process connection (Table 1, page 2) Tube and stoppers Guide tube length (TG) Temperature Standard height	2002500	Top scre I"1/2, 2" G PVC mm (Ø16mm) -10+ E = 1 S = = 20 mm	SS AI 15025 60 °C 5 mm LR P	F = 11 mm				
	LCP = See Table 1 (page 2) Protection IP68 Model Cylindrical Ø38x61 mm Cylindrical Ø29x50								
Float	(Table 2, page 2) Pressure Density Temperature Dry zone (FS) Wet zone (FH)	PP (FC e < 0 -10. 36 mm	CPP05B18) 3 K/ 0,4 g/cm ³ .+80 °C	PA (cm ² e - s valid for	FCPA07B14) < 0,6 g/cm ³ 30+65 °C _a 24,5 mm				
Buisnou	Electrical connection Protection Temperature (Ta) Cable gland Ø Electric hose	IP67 -20+80 ° M20 x 1,5	(IP68)	. 64 x 95	TG TG FH				
Output	Measurement range Measurement voltage Repeatibility Step between two reads	1035 VD ± 1%			↓ PF ↓ Legend				
Aiddne	Supply voltage		1035 VDC 735 - 1035 024 - 24 VA0 048 - 48 VA0 110 - 11012 230 - 2202	VDC C 25 VAC	Terminal 3 Terminals 1-3 Terminals A1-A2	 E - Separation from the process S - Non measured zone LR - Thread length LT - Total length D - Measurement distance TG - Guide tube FS - Dry Float Zone 			
						FH - Wet Float Zone LCP - Connection process height PF - End stopper			

1/4

Table 1: Process connection

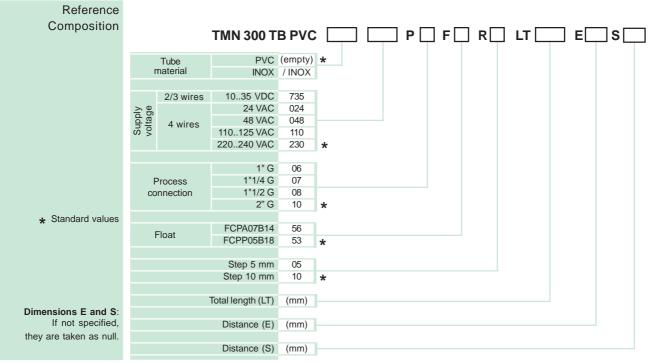
Thread (Gas)	1"	1"1/4	1"1/2	2"
e/c (mm)	39,8	46	50	39,8
E (mm)	15	15	15	15
LR (mm)	20	20	20	20
LCP (mm)	0	16	11	4
	e/c f	e/c -		

Table 2: Floats

Model	FCPA07B14	FCPP05B18		
Material	PA	PP		
Colour	Blue	Grey		
Dimension (mm)	Ø 29x50	Ø 38x61		
Pressure (kg/cm2)	3	3		
Density (g/cm ³)	e > 0,6	e > 0,4		
FS / FH (mm)	24,5 / 24,5	36 / 24		

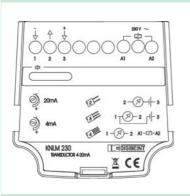
Although you can combine any float with any type of thread, it is desirable that the float be narrower than the width of the thread. In this way, the sensor can be installed without disassembly. The columns of the two tables show the consistent combinations.

Float FCPA07B14, made of polyamide, is recommended for oil. As a bonus, fits tight 1" G, size very common in the oil tanks, diesel, generator housings, etc.



To compose a reference, select an option from each of the columns. Exemple: TMN 300 TB PVC 230 P10 F53 R10 LT1500 E15 S75

Connection and adjustment



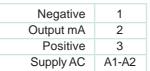
MAX. LOAD RESIST. (Ω)

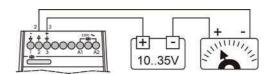
140

1200

600

The sensor is factory preset for a reading of 4-20 mA between the margins (D). If you want to calibrate again, connect it as shown in the diagram. Place the float on the bottom and set 4 mA in the instrument by the multiturn potentiometer [4mA]. Do the same with the potentiometer [20mA] placing the float on top.





Load resistance in the loop (Converter)

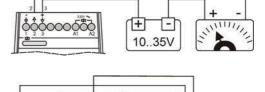
Supply in AC: The electronic circuit provides a voltage of 24 VDC to power the loop. The load resistor should not exceed 800 ohms.

Supply in DC: The maximum load resistance that can withstand the current loop is a function of supply voltage and not exceed the values shown in the accompanying graph.

Connexion examples

2 wires: Connect them to terminals 2 and 3 taking into account the polarity. A voltage source is required for supplying voltage to the current loop.

SUPPLY VOLTAGE (VDC)

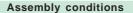


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10..35\

3 wires: Connect them to terminals 1, 2 and 3 taking into account the polarity. A voltage source is required for supplying voltage to the current loop.

4 wires: The loop is connected to terminals 1 and 2 taking into account the polarity. The AC voltage is connected to terminals A1 and A2.



Handling

Do not use the housing to transport or to install the sensor in the tank. Once it is properly installed, you can rotate 350 degrees the head with the hand to place it in the adequate position.

Mounting position

The sensor must be mounted vertically. It should leave enough space on the vessel wall to prevent the float can touch it and avoid the proximity of magnetic or ferrous materials. We suggest to install the sensor away from the shaking elements, if any.

Electric cable

Use an appropriate cable for the electrical conditions in the facility. It is desirable that the cable gland closes entirely over the wire and it is essential in the course of environmental humidity or when be installed outdoors. In these cases, make a loop in the cable to facilitate the removal of accumulated drops (see figure).

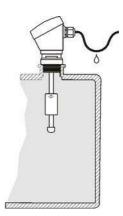
Maintenance

In some cases, depending on the medium to control and time spent, can be placed in the guide tube a layer of material which must be removed to avoid obstructing the movement of the float. To do this, proceed to clean and/or remove the sensor.



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Determine the resolution you want in your measurement by choosing the appropriate step between readings. A smaller distance between readings, the better resolution you get.

The resulting measures are in function of the density of the liquid and the float. Unless specified otherwise, the calculations are made based on the density of water, 1 g/cm³.

Note that the measurement can never be done from the bottom of the tank because there are some unavoidable levels resulting from the construction of the sensor itself, corresponding to the end of the guide tube and the height where the floating level is located (see size chart on the first page for your understanding).

It is not imperative that the sensor be manufactured to the maximum internal height of the tank because the measurement distance can be placed where it suits the application, taking into account the above comments. At any case, it is recommended that the total length of the sensor is somewhat lower than the maximum height inside the tank to prevent the tube be slightly curved and avoid the movement of the float.

You can determine a heigth (S) to establish an area where there is no reading at all. In case you want to remove the head of the connection process (for reasons of high temperature, for example) a dimension (E) exceeding the standard can be ordered.

Placing your order is essential the following information:

- Step between two readings,
- The length of the zone without measurement (S),
- The total length (TL)
- The supply voltage, if any
- The density of the liquid, if known and when different from 1 g/cm³

Example

In a tank of 1500 mm real high (LT) containing water, we want to measure up to 90% capacity. The distance from the bottom of the nipple to the maximum fill elevation is 75 mm (S). You want a reading every 10 mm. Electrically connects to a existing 4-20 mA loop (2 wires).

<u>The data needed for their manufacture are</u>: Step = 10 mm S = 75 mm LT = total length 1500 mm Without external supply Liquid density, if other than 1 g/cm³

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